

(4) Any order issued under §180.7(g) of this chapter to which the objection related, and:

(i) Any regulation or petition denial that was the subject of that order.

(ii) The petition to which such order responded.

(iii) Any amendment or supplement of the petition.

(iv) The data and information submitted in support of the petition.

(v) The notice of filing of the petition.

(5) Any order issued under §180.29(f) of this chapter to which the objection related, the regulation that was the subject of that order, and each related Notice of Proposed Rulemaking.

(6) Any comments submitted by members of the public in response to the Notice of Filing or Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, any data or information submitted as part of the comments, the Administrator's response to comments and the documents or information relied on by the Administrator in issuing the regulation or order.

(7) All other documents or information submitted to the docket for the rulemaking in question.

(8) The order issued under §178.37.

(b) The record will be closed as of the date of the Administrator's decision unless another date for closing of the record is specified in the order issued under §178.37.

PART 179—FORMAL EVIDENTIARY PUBLIC HEARING

Subpart A—General Provisions

Sec.

179.3 Definitions.

179.5 Other authority.

Subpart B—Initiation of Hearing

179.20 Notice of hearing.

179.24 Ex parte discussions; separation of functions.

Subpart C—Participation and Appearance; Conduct

179.42 Notice of participation.

179.45 Appearance.

179.50 Conduct at oral hearings or conferences.

Subpart D—Presiding Officer

179.60 Designation and qualifications of presiding officer.

179.70 Authority of presiding officer.

179.75 Disqualification of deciding officials.

179.78 Unavailability of presiding officer.

Subpart E—Hearing Procedures

179.80 Filing and service.

179.81 Availability of documents.

179.83 Disclosure of data and information.

179.85 Purpose of preliminary conference.

179.86 Time and place of preliminary conference.

179.87 Procedures for preliminary conference.

179.89 Motions.

179.90 Summary decisions.

179.91 Burden of going forward; burden of persuasion.

179.93 Testimony.

179.94 Transcripts.

179.95 Admission or exclusion of evidence; objections; offers of proof.

179.97 Conferences during hearing.

179.98 Briefs and arguments.

Subpart F—Decisions and Appeals

179.101 Interlocutory appeal from ruling of presiding officer.

179.105 Initial decision.

179.107 Appeal from or review of initial decision.

179.110 Determination by Administrator to review initial decision.

179.112 Decision by Administrator on appeal or review of initial decision.

179.115 Motion to reconsider a final order.

179.117 Designation and powers of judicial officer.

Subpart G—Judicial Review

179.125 Judicial review.

179.130 Administrative record.

AUTHORITY: 21 U.S.C. 346a, 348, 371(a); Reorg. Plan No. 3 of 1970.

SOURCE: 55 FR 50293, Dec. 5, 1990, unless otherwise noted.

Subpart A—General Provisions

§ 179.3 Definitions.

Administrator means the Administrator of the Agency, or any officer or employee of the Agency to whom the Administrator has delegated the authority to perform functions under this part.

Agency means the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

Environmental Protection Agency

§ 179.24

Assistant Administrator means the Agency's Assistant Administrator for Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances, or any officer or employee of OPPTS to whom the Assistant Administrator has delegated the authority to perform functions under this part.

FFDCA means the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, as amended, 21 U.S.C. 301-392.

FIFRA means the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, 7 U.S.C. 136-136y.

Judicial Officer means a person who has been designated by the Administrator under § 179.117 to serve as a judicial officer.

Office of the Administrator means the Agency's Administrator and Deputy Administrator and their immediate staff, including the judicial officer.

OPPTS means the Agency's Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances.

[55 FR 50293, Dec. 5, 1990, as amended at 57 FR 28087, June 24, 1992]

§ 179.5 Other authority.

Questions regarding procedural matters arising under this part or part 178 of this chapter that are not addressed by this part or part 178 of this chapter shall be resolved by the Administrator or presiding officer, as appropriate.

Subpart B—Initiation of Hearing

§ 179.20 Notice of hearing.

(a) If the Administrator determines under § 178.32 of this chapter that a hearing is justified on any issue, the Administrator will file with the hearing clerk and publish in the FEDERAL REGISTER a Notice of Hearing. The Notice of Hearing will set forth:

(1) The docket number for the hearing.

(2) Each order, regulation, or petition denial that is the subject of the hearing, and a statement specifying any part of any such regulation or order that has been stayed in the Administrator's discretion.

(3) The identity of each person whose request for a hearing has been granted, and of any other person whose petition under § 177.81 or § 180.7 of this chapter

occasioned the order that the hearing concerns.

(4) A statement of the issues of fact on which a hearing has been found to be justified.

(5) A statement of the objections whose resolution depends on the resolution of those issues of fact.

(6) A statement that the presiding officer will be designated by the Chief Administrative Law Judge.

(7) The time within which notices of participation should be filed under § 179.42.

(8) The date, time, and place of the preliminary conference, or a statement that the date, time, and place will be announced in a later notice, and the place of the hearing.

(9) The time within which parties must submit written information and views under § 179.83.

(10) Designations with respect to separation of functions published under § 179.24(b)(2).

(b) The statement of the issues of fact on which a hearing has been justified determines the scope of the hearing and the matters on which evidence may be introduced. The issues may be revised by the presiding officer. A party may obtain interlocutory review by the Administrator of a decision by the presiding officer to revise the issues to include an issue on which the Administrator has not granted a request for a hearing or to eliminate an issue on which a request for a hearing has been granted.

(c) A hearing is deemed to begin on the date of publication of the Notice of Hearing.

§ 179.24 Ex parte discussions; separation of functions.

(a) Any person may meet or correspond with any officer or employee of the Agency concerning a matter under parts 177, 178, or 180 of this chapter prior to publication of a Notice of Hearing under § 179.20.

(b) Upon publication of a Notice of Hearing, the following separation of function rules apply:

(1) OPPTS, as a party to the hearing, is responsible for presentation of its position at the hearing and in any pleading or oral argument before the Administrator. The Pesticides and